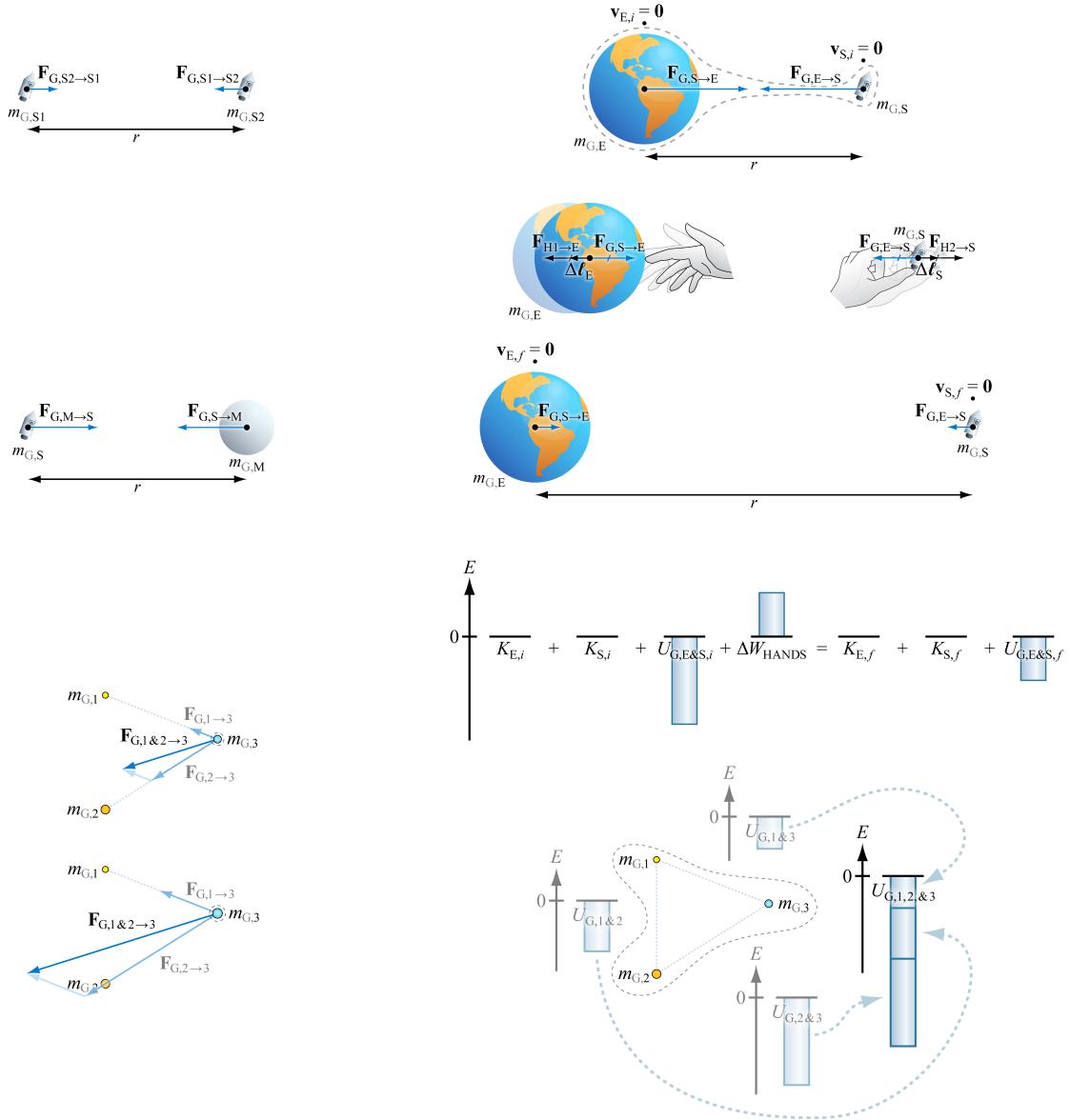


Newton's law of universal gravitation



Force	Potential energy
Magnitude	$ \vec{F}_{G,1 \rightarrow 2} = G \frac{m_{G,1} m_{G,2}}{r^2}$
Direction	Attractive
Universal constant	$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{kg}^2}$
Superposition	(relative to infinite separation)
$\vec{F}_{G,1 \& 2 \rightarrow 3} = \vec{F}_{G,1 \rightarrow 3} + \vec{F}_{G,2 \rightarrow 3}$	
Gravitational field	
$\vec{F}_G = m_{G,\text{TEST}} \vec{g}$	$U_{G,\text{PARTICLES}} = \sum_{\text{PAIRS}} U_{G,i\&j}$